CITY OF UNION CITY COUNTY OF HUDSON, STATE OF NEW JERSEY

ORDINANCE

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 234 OF THE CODE OF THE CITY OF UNION CITY ENTITLED "LICENSING OF BUSINESSES AND OCCUPATIONS"

WHEREAS, Chapter 234 of the Code of the City of Union City (the "Code") entitled "Licensing of Businesses and Occupations governing the requirement for the licensing of various businesses and occupations within the City of Union City ("City"); and

WHEREAS, the Board, as the governing body of the City is statutorily permitted to, among other things, make, amend, repeal and enforce ordinances "as it may deem necessary and proper for the good government, order and protection of persons and property, and for the preservation of the public health, safety and welfare of the municipality and its inhabitants," pursuant to N.J.S.A. 40:48-2; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Commissioners ("Board") believes there is a need to amend these Chapters of the Code in order to assist law enforcement officials and victims of crime in recovering stolen previous metals and other secondhand goods by requiring minimum identification, reporting, maintenance, and distribution criteria for licensed dealers in these goods.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED, by the Board of Commissioners of the City of Union City, County of Hudson, State of New Jersey as follows:

SECTION ONE

That the Code of the City of Union City, Chapter 234, Licensing of Business and Occupations be amended and supplemented as follows:

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING AND SUPPLEMENTING THE CODE OF THE CITY OF UNION CITY; CHAPTER 234, LICENSING, REGISTRATION AND BUSINESS REGULATIONS, SECTION 234-18, ELECTRONIC REPORTING SYSTEM FOR DEALERS IN PRECIOUS METALS AND OTHER SECONDHAND GOODS.

SECTION TWO

PURPOSE AND INTENT.

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The purpose and intent of this chapter is to assist law enforcement officials and victims of crime in recovering stolen precious metals and other secondhand goods by requiring minimum identification, reporting, maintenance, and distribution criteria for licensed dealers in these goods.

No person shall use, exercise, or carry on the business, trade, or occupation of the buying, selling, or pawning of precious metals or other secondhand goods without complying with the requirements of this chapter in the exact number described herein.

SECTION THREE

DEFINITIONS.

As used in this section:

"Acceptable Definition" means a current valid New Jersey Driver's License or Identification Card, a current valid photo driver's license issued by another U.S. state, a valid United States Passport, or other verifiable U.S. Government issued identification, which shall be recorded on the receipt retained by the dealer and subsequently forwarded to the local police department on request.

"City Clerk" means the statutory officer whose duties are defined in N.J.S.A. 40A:9-135 and may refer to the duty appointed clerk of the city. (1972 Code Sect 7-20.2).

"Chief of Police' means the Chief of the Union City Police Department or his/her designee.

"Dealer" means any person, partnership, Limited Liability Corporation, corporation, or other entity who either wholly or in part, engages in or operates any of the following trades or businesses: the buying for purposes of resale of precious metals, jewelry, or other secondhand good as defined herein: itinerant business as defined herein. For the purposes of this ordinance, transient buyers, as defined herein, are subject to the same licensing and reporting requirements as any other dealers.

"Itinerant Business" means a dealer who conducts business intermittently within the municipality or at varying locations.

"Pawnbroker" means any person, partnership, association or corporation: lending money on deposit or pledge of personal property, other than choses in action, securities, or printed evidence of indebtedness; purchasing, personal property on condition of selling it back at a stipulated price; or doing business as a furniture storage warehousemen and lending money on good, wares or merchandise pledged or deposited as collateral security.

"Precious metals" means gold, silver, platinum, palladium, and their alloys as defined in <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 51:5-1 et seq. and <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 51:6-1 et seq.

"Public" means individuals and retail sellers, not to include wholesale transactions or transactions between other merchants.

"Reportable Transaction" means every transaction conducted between a dealer and a member of the public in which precious metals, jewelry, or any other secondhand goods as defined herein are purchased or pawned.

"Secondhand Goods" means used goods such as antiques, gold, silver, platinum, or other precious metals, jewelry, coins, gemstones, gift cards, any tools, cellular telephones, smart phones, GPS devices, computers, mobile computers, computer hardware and software, television (except cathode ray tube type), radios, record or stereo sets, electronic devices, musical instruments, sporting goods, automotive equipment, collectibles, video game systems, game cartridges, DVD's, CD's, and other electronically recorded material, firearms, cameras and camera equipment, video equipment, and other valuable articles. For the purposes of this ordinance, secondhand goods shall not include goods transacted in the following manner: i) judicial sales or sales by executors or administrators; ii) occasional or auction sales of household goods sold from private homes; iii) auctions of real estate; iv) the occasional sale, purchase, or exchange of coins or stamps by a person at his permanent residence or in any municipally owned building who is engaged in the hobby of collecting coins or stamps and who does not solicit the sale. Purchase, or exchange of such coins or stamps to or from the general public by billboard, sign, handbill, newspaper, magazine, radio, television, or other form of printed or electronic advertising.

"Seller" means a member of the public who sells or pawns goods such as precious metal, jewelry, or other secondhand goods to a dealer.

"Transient Buyer" means a dealer, as defined herein, who has not been in a registered retail business continuously for at least six (6) months at any address in the municipality where the Dealer is required to register or intends to close out or discontinue all retail business within six (6) months.

SECTION FOUR

LICENSE REQUIREMENT FOR DEALERS.

- A. No person, partnership, Limited Liability Company, corporation, or other entity shall engage in the business of buying, selling, or pawning of precious metals or other secondhand goods, as defined above, within the municipality, without having first obtained a license therefore from the City Clerk, which license shall bear a number issued by the City Clerk.
- B. The application for a license to the City Clerk shall set forth the name, date of birth and address of the dealer, whether or not he/she is a citizen of the United States, and whether or not he/she has ever been convicted of any crime(s), disorderly persons offense(s), or municipal ordinance violation(s), and the dates, thereof.

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- C. Advertising in any print or electronic media or by sign that any of those articles or secondhand goods referred to in §2 above are being bought in any location within the municipality shall constitute engaging in business as a dealer of secondhand goods for the purpose of this Chapter. No person, partnership, Limited Liability Company, corporation or other entity shall place or cause to be placed any advertisement for purchase of such articles or goods without stating in the advertising the license number issued to a person or entity by the municipality. In any print advertisement, the license number shall be visibly or audibly stated. Failure to state or indicate the license number shall be in violation of this chapter and shall be subject to penalties established in §§9.
- D. Licenses may not operate at any location other than the site specified in the license. Licenses operating at multiple locations must have each location separately licensed. Each location must be permanent. Itinerant business and transient buyers, as defined in §4-24.2 above, are not eligible for licensure and are prohibited from operating in the City.

SECTION FIVE

APPLICATION PROCESS FOR DEALERS; APPROVAL OR DENIAL

- A. Upon receipt of an application the City Clerk shall refer such application to the Chief of Police who shall make an investigation of the prospective licensee within thirty (30) days for the purpose of determining the suitability of the applicant for licensing. Such investigation shall include, but shall not be limited to the following:
 - (1) The experience of the applicant in the business of purchase and sale of those articles or goods referred to in §2 above, although nothing in this section shall be construed to warrant denial of a license solely on the basis of lack of experience;
 - (2) The reputation of the applicant for fair dealing in the community, which shall be made among credible sources, which sources shall be disclosed to the applicant in the event of a denial of any license;
 - (3) Any criminal record of the applicant including any past convictions for any crime(s), disorderly persons offense(s), or municipal ordinance violation(s) within this or any other jurisdiction. The Chief of Police may, as part of the application process, require fingerprint criminal background check through the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Criminal Justice Information Services Division, which may require an additional fee from the applicant.

- (4) The type of operation contemplated to be conducted by the applicant, particularly whether the business is to be operated from a fixed location, whether it is to be conducted from a location primarily devoted to the purchase and sale of precious metals or other secondhand goods and other factors bearing on whether the licensed business will be of a fixed and permanent nature. This section shall not be construed to require denial of any license solely on the grounds that the business is not from a fixed location or that the applicant is a transient buyer or itinerant business, however, applicants who fall under the category of a transient buyer or itinerant business must state with specificity on the license application the business address where transaction records required by §6(D) of this chapter will be stored as well as the location where purchased goods will be retained during the mandatory inspection period required under §6(A).
- (B) The Chief of Police shall complete any investigation pursuant to this chapter within thirty (30) days of the submission of the application to the City Clerk, fully completed by the applicant. If a criminal record check has been requested within the thirty (30) day period and has not been received from the Chief of Police within that period, the Chief may, if all other factors are satisfactory, recommend a conditional issuance of the license subject to the finding regarding the criminal record.
- (C) The Chief of Police, upon completion of the investigation, shall recommend in writing to grant or deny the requested license to the City Clerk, who shall grant or deny the license according to the recommendation. In the case of recommending denial, the Chief of Police shall state fully and specifically the reasons for the recommendation. If the Chief of Police recommends denial of any license, the City Clerk shall notify the applicant within ten (10) days of such denial, and forward to the applicant a statement of the reasons for such denial.
- Grounds for recommending denial of license may include reliable information (D) indicating that the applicant has in the past engaged in fraudulent or deceptive business practices in a business identical to or similar to a dealer in secondhand goods. A license may be denied if the investigation reveals a conviction of the applicant or any of its principal officers or employees of any crime(s), disorderly persons offense(s) in which deceit or misrepresentation is an element; or any conviction of any crime(s) disorderly persons offense(s) involving theft or the receiving of stolen goods, regardless of whether the applicant was a principal, accessory before the fact, after the fact, or a co-conspirator; or any prior municipal ordinance violation(s) by the applicant of any of its principal officers or employees in this or any other jurisdiction. A license may be denied if the applicant fails to demonstrate an ability to satisfactorily comply with the electronic reporting requirements specified in §5, the retention and inspection requirements of §6, or any other portion of this chapter. Upon receipt of the recommendation of the Chief of Police, the city Clerk shall issue or deny the

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license accordingly, contingent upon the receipt of a bond as required by §8 of this chapter.

- (E) Whenever any application for permit is denied, the applicant shall be entitled to a hearing before a three-person panel appointed by the Chief of Police, at which time the applicant shall be permitted to introduce such evidence as maybe deemed relevant to such denial. Any applicant exercising the right to appeal must file a written notice of appeal within ten (10) days of receiving written notice of denial of a license to act as a dealer of secondhand goods.
- (F) No license shall be assignable by the dealer.

SECTION SIX

IDENTIFICATION OF SELLER, RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS FOR DEALERS.

For every reportable transaction between a dealer and the public, the dealer shall be required to do as follows:

- (A) Require of each person selling or pawning precious metals or other secondhand goods acceptable identification as defined above in §2.
- (B) Require each seller to execute a "Declaration of Ownership," which shall contain the following certification: "My signature confirms that I am the sole legal owner of and am legally authorized to sell the goods being sold. By signing below I certify that I did not obtain and do not possess the identified goods through unlawful means. I am the full age of eighteen years and the identification presented is valid and correct.
- (C) Record and issue to each person selling or pawning such goods on a sequentially numbered receipt:
 - (1) A complete and detailed description of the items and the manufacturer and model of the item(s) if known; in the case of jewelry, the descriptions must include style, length, color, design, and stones, if any: any identifying marks, including numbers, dates, sizes, shapes, initials, names, monograms, social security number engraved thereon, serial numbers, series number, or any other information appearing calculated to set apart the particular object sold from others of like kind;
 - (2) If precious metals, the net weight in terms of pounds troy, pennyweight (Troy) or kilograms/grams; fineness in terms of karats for good, and

sterling or coin for silver, in accordance with <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 51:5-1, <u>N.J.S.A</u>. 51:6-1 et seq.;

- (3) The date and time of the transaction;
- (4) The price paid for the purchase or pawn of the item(s);
- (5) The name, address and telephone number of the purchaser, including the clerk <u>or</u> employee of the licensee making the transaction;
- (6) The permanent business address and license number of the dealer;
- (7) The name, address, date of birth, and telephone number of the seller or sellers;
- (8) A photographed recording of the seller in a format acceptable to the Chief of Police, along with a physical description of the seller, including height and weight (approximate), hair color, eye color, facial hair, if any, etc.;
- (9) A photographed recording of the seller's acceptable identification, as set forth in §3, in a format acceptable by the Chief of Police;
- (10) A photographed recoding of all items sold in a format acceptable the Chief of Police. When photographing, all items must be positioned in a manner that makes them readily and easily identifiable. Items should not be grouped together when photographing or imaging. Each item should have its own photograph;
- (11) The receipt number.

These records shall be subject to inspection by any representative of the Union City Police Department duly authorized for this purpose by the Chief of Police.

D. The information outlined in subsection (C) above, must additionally be electronically documented through the use of an electronic database system authorized by the Chief of Police. Installation and training in this software will be made mandatory as of the effective date of this chapter and licensing will be conditional upon compliance with proper use of the system as described herein. These records shall be subject to the inspection of any authorized police officer of any sworn law enforcement officer acting in the performance of their duty as set forth in subsection (F) below. Through the use of applicably required computer equipment, and using the electronic format approved by the Chief of Police, every dealer shall enter all reportable transactions into the electronic database by the end of the close of business on the same date as the purchase or receipt of property for pawn or consignment. The information entered must contain all pertinent information in subsection (C) above.

- E. In the event of a database failure, or dealer's computer equipment malfunction, all transaction information is required to be submitted on paper forms approved by the Chief of Police within twenty-four (24) hours from the date of purchase., In the event that paper forms are used, the dealer is responsible to enter all transaction information set forth in subsection (C) above into the database as soon as possible upon the dealer's equipment being repaired or replaced, or the database coming back into service. Failure by the dealer to properly maintain computer equipment in a reasonable fashion, or failure by the dealer to replace faulty computer equipment, may result in the dealer being cited for a violation of this chapter and subsequently being subject to the penalties for doing so including revocation of the dealer's license as described in §7.
- F. It shall be the requisite duty of every dealer, and of every person in the dealer's employ, to admit to the premises during business hours any member of the police department to examine any database, book, ledger, or any other record on the premises relating to the reportable transaction of precious metals or other secondhand goods, as well as the articles purchased or received, and where necessary, relinquish custody of those articles as provided in §7. Itinerant business and transient buyers will be responsible for notifying the Chief of Police of the address where these records and articles will be stored.

SECTION SEVEN

RETENTION; REVOCATION; OTHER RESTRICTIONS

A. All precious metals and other secondhand goods purchased, received for pawn, or received for consignment as described above, are to be made available for inspection by the Chief of Police of designee thereof at the designated business address for a period of at least ten (10) calendar days from the date the transaction information is actually reported to the Chief of Police in the approved manner described above in §5. Jewelry also must be maintained for at least ten (10) business day, the statutory period provided in N.J.S.A. 2C:21-36(d). All precious metal or other secondhand goods subject to inspection must remain in the same condition as when purchased or received for pawn and shall not be sold, disposed of, changed, modified, or melted by the dealer until the ten-day retention period

has expired. Itinerant businesses and transient buyers will be responsible for notifying the Chief of Police of the location where the purchased items(s) are being held.

- B. Upon probable cause that goods held by a dealer are stolen, and providing that the seller signed the mandatory statement required by §6(B) upon the sale of those goods, a law enforcement officer with jurisdiction should charge the seller with theft by deception under <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 2C:20-4 on behalf of the dealer, who shall be considered the "victim" of the offense for the purposes of <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 2C:43-3. The officer shall seize the goods, provide the dealer with a receipt and issue a criminal complaint against the seller for theft by deception and any other criminal charges for which the officer has probable cause that the seller has committed. If convicted of theft by deception and if so found by an order of a court of valid jurisdiction, the seller will be responsible for providing restitution to the dealer under <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 2C:44-2 for the amount paid by the dealer to the seller for the stolen goods.
- C. If market conditions would create a hardship on the dealer by holding precious metals or other secondhand goods for such period, the dealer may present the property to the Chief of Police in order that it may be photographed and, if deemed necessary by the Chief of Police, an investigation may be implemented. The Chief of Police shall have the authority to grant the dealer a waiver of the requirement under this section.
- D. In addition to all other reporting requirements, every dealer shall maintain for at least five years, a written record of all purchases of precious metals and other secondhand good in the form prescribed in $\S6(C)$.
- E. No dealer shall purchase any item covered by this chapter from any person under the age of 18 or in the absence of providing prior notification of such purchase to the Chief of Police or business designee identifying the individual from whom such purchase is to be made and the item to be purchased.
- F. Suspension. The Chief of Police or a designee thereof is hereby empowered to temporarily suspend for cause any dealer's license and rights to operate thereunder. The penalty shall be in addition to any fines and penalties the dealer may incur pursuant to §10 of this Chapter.
 - (1) Grounds for suspension. The following shall constitute grounds for suspension: violation of any provisions of this chapter, including failure to comply with any training or fees associated with the electronic database software system in use by the municipality; violation of any other statute,

regulation, or local ordinance; or any other illegal, improper, or fraudulent activity.

- (2) Procedure for suspension. Upon determination that appropriate grounds exist and that a suspension is warranted, the Chief of Police or a designee thereof shall issue a written notice of suspension of license to the offending dealer and to the City Clerk, which shall set forth the grounds for the suspension and notify the dealer of his or her right to appeal pursuant to subsection (H). A temporary suspension shall issue immediately, pending the outcome of any appeal taken. Suspended dealers must immediately cease engaging in the business of purchasing for resale, receiving for pawn, and/or selling of precious metals and/or other secondhand goods in the municipality until reinstatement.
- (3) Reinstatement. Suspended dealers may be reinstated only when the grounds leading to the suspension have, in the determination of the Chief of Police or the Chief's designee, been cured, corrected, or appropriately rectified; or if reinstatement is deemed appropriate by the three-person panel appointed by the Chief of Police, upon the timely filing of an appeal as provided in subsection (H).
- G. Revocation. A license issued under this chapter may be revoked by the City Clerk upon written recommendation from the Chief of Police or the Chief's designee that the dealer is no longer qualified, capable or competent to comply with the requirements of this chapter. This penalty shall be in addition to any fines and penalties the dealer may incur under §10.
 - 1. Grounds for revocation. The following shall constitute grounds for revocation: a third violation under this chapter; a second violation under this chapter less than one year after an earlier violation under this chapter; conviction for a criminal offense within this or any jurisdiction, or multiple violations of any other regulations or local ordinances within this or any jurisdiction.
 - Procedure for revocation. Upon a determination that appropriate grounds 2. exist and that a revocation is warranted, the Chief of Police or the Chief's designee shall so report to the City Clerk in writing. A temporary suspension will immediately and automatically issue, if one is not already in effect, pending the outcome of the charge. A three-person panel appointed by the Chief of Police, shall review the stated ground for revocation and the panel shall issue an appropriate disposition of suspension, revocation, or reinstatement. If the panel determines that revocation is the appropriate disposition, it shall set forth the grounds for the same in writing in the form of a notice of revocation, which shall be provided to the dealer. The notice shall advise the dealer to the right If the panel determines that suspension is the appropriate appeal. disposition, it shall provide the dealer with a notice of suspension that shall advise the dealer of the right to appeal. Following revocation, the

dealer must relinquish his or her license and must immediately and indefinitely cease operating as a dealer of precious metals or other secondhand goods within the municipality.

- H. Appeal. Any applicant wishing to appeal an issuance of a suspension or revocation shall be entitled to a hearing before a three-person panel, appointed by the Chief of Police, at which time the applicant shall be permitted to introduce such evidence as may be deemed relevant to such suspension or revocation. Any applicant exercising the right to appeal must file a written notice of appeal within ten (10) days of receiving written notice of revocation or suspension of license.
- I. A dealer shall have the right to change the location of the licensed business provided that he or she notifies the City Clerk, in writing, of the street address of said new location.

SECTION EIGHT

BOND REQUIREMENT.

Each dealer covered under this chapter shall deliver a bond to the City Clerk executed by the applicant as principal and executed by a surety company authorized to do business under the laws of the State of New Jersey as surety. The bond, to be approved by the City Attorney, as defined in <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 40A:9-139, shall in the penal sum of ten thousand (\$10,000) dollars conditioned for the due and proper observance of and compliance with the provisions and requirements of all ordinances of the municipality in force or which may be adopted respecting the conduct of this business and conditioned also that the bond shall be and remain for the benefit of any person or persons who shall have received judgment against the dealer licensed under this chapter, which damage shall be established by a judgment or a court of proper jurisdiction. This bond shall contain the following language: "The obligation of this bond shall obtain a judgment against the obligor as a result of damage sustained in operation pursuant to any license granted <u>under this chapter</u>." (1972 Code Sect. 7-20.6) <u>Said bond shall be kept for a minimum of one year from the date of issuance of license and must be renewed annually along</u> with the license.

SECTION NINE

FEES: PERIOD OF LICENSE VALIDITY.

A nonrefundable for fee for initial application and license for a pawnbroker or a dealer in precious metals or other secondhand goods, as covered under this chapter, is \$300. The annual renewal fee for a license is \$250. These fees are separate from and in addition to any fees the dealer must pay in relation to the mandatory electronic database system designated by the Chief of Police, as provided by §5(D) of this chapter. Payments are to be made in the manner directed by the City Clerk. A license is valid for a one-year period from the date of its issuance.

SECTION TEN

VIOLATIONS AND PENALTIES.

Violation of any provision of this chapter by an dealer shall, upon conviction thereof, be punished by a fine not in excess of the limitations of N.J.S.A. 40:49-5 or by a term of imprisonment or a period of community service not exceeding ninety (90) days in addition to a suspension or revocation of operating license as provided in §6(F) and §6(G) above. Each and every violation shall be considered a separate violation. Each violation shall result in an additional suspension period. Any person who is found guilty of violating the provisions of this chapter within one year of the date of a previous violation and who was fined for the previous violation may be sentenced by the court to an additional fine as a repeat offender and, in addition, may be subject to revocation proceedings as provided in §6(G). The additional line imposed as a repeat offender shall not be less than the minimum or exceed the maximum line provided herein, and same shall be calculated separately from the fine imposed for the violation of this chapter.

SECTION ELEVEN

TIME LIMIT FOR CONFORMANCE; REPEALER; SEVERABILITY

- A. Any person, partnership, Limited Liability Company, corporation, or other entity engaging in the business of a pawnbroker, or a dealer in precious metals or other secondhand goods shall conform to the provisions of this chapter within ninety (90) days following the effective date of this chapter.
- B. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.
- Nothing contained in this chapter is intended to replace any pre-existing statutory requirements governing pawnbrokers, as in <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 45:22-1, <u>et seq</u>., the sale of precious metals as in <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 51:6A-1 <u>et seq</u>, the sale of secondhand jewelry as in <u>N.J.S.A.</u> 2C:31-36 et seq., of any other statutory provision regarding any subject matter discussed herein.
- D. If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phrase, or portion of this chapter is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct, and independent provision, and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions hereof.

SECTION TWELVE

EXEMPTIONS

A. Sales conducted by governmental, civic, patriotic, fraternal, educational, religious or benevolent organizations which have been in active and continuous existence for at least

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one year prior to the holding of the sale or which are incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation by the state

B. Sales or purchases which are regulated by the licensing laws of the State, including automobile dealers, used parts dealers and automotive parts recyclers.

I HEREBY CERTIFY this to be a true and correct Ordinance of the City of Union City Board of Commissioners, adopted on February 2, 2016 and will be further considered after a Public Hearing held on February 16, 2016 at the Union Hill Middle School at 7:00 p.m.

INTRODUCED: February 2, 2016 ADOPTED: スー・レー しん ATTEST:

2-16-16

Dominick Cantatore Acting City Clerk

DATE

Summary of Ordinance

This ordinance creates additional requirements for dealers in precious metals and other secondhand goods (commonly known as pawnshops), specifically implementation of an electronic reporting system.